Northern Territory



CATALOGUE NO. 8731.7 EMBARGOED UNTIL 11:30 AM 29 JULY 1994

BUILDING APPROVALS, NORTHERN TERRITORY, JUNE 1994

MAIN FEATURES

Residential

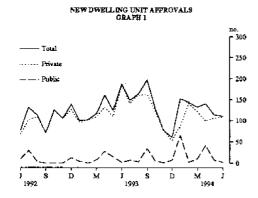
A total of 111 dwelling units (64 houses and 47 other residential buildings) were approved for June 1994 having a combined value of \$11.3m. Of the 64 houses approved, 13 were for various Aboriginal communities, 24 for Palmerston, 18 for the Darwin Rural Areas and 6 for Alice Springs. Of the other residential buildings approved 25 were for Darwin City, 6 for Palmerston and 14 for Katherine. The number of dwellings approved for 1993-94 totalled 1571 compared to 1480 approvals for 1992-93, an increase of 6.1 per cent.

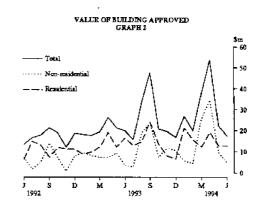
Non-residential

Approvals for the month of June 1994 totalled \$4.8m. There were no major public works for June 1994. At Yulara a recreation complex was approved, with a value of \$1.3m. Approvals for 1993-94 totalled \$158.9m compared to \$81.1m for 1992-93, an increase of 96.1 per cent.

Total

 Approval values for the financial year 1993-94 totalled \$331.7m compared to \$227.5m for the previous financial year, an increase of 45.8 per cent.





Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved. Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:

- (a) Permits issued by licensed Private Building Certifiers or the Building Branch, Northern Territory Department of Lands and Housing, in areas subject to building control by this authority;
- (b) Contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval process (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites) is also included.

Explanatory notes are published at the back of this publication.

BOB HARRISON Statistician, Northern Territory.

PHONE INQUIRIES

- for more information about these statistics and other inquiries, including copies of publications
 contact Information Services on Darwin (089) 432111, or any of our State offices.
- for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back page of this publication.

TABLE 1. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED IN NEW RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

		Houses		Other res	idential buildings		Total			
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Priv ate sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	
	728	244	972	438	49	487 .	1,166	293	1,459	
1991-92		94	1,055	416	9	425	1,377	103	1,480	
1992-93 1993- 94	961 922	171	1,093	464	14	478	1,386	185	1,571	
1993—		20	111	49		49	132	28	160	
April	83	28	11 1 98	18	9	27	110	15	125	
May	92	6	-	45		45	186	2	188	
June	141	2	143	54		54	142	7	149	
July	88	,	95	34 49		51	161	3	164	
August	112	i	113	78	2	78	163	34	197	
September	85	34	119		_	79	124	5	129	
October	45	5	50	79	_	14	76	1	77	
November	62	1	63	14	_	4	53	7	60	
December	49	7	56	4	_	4	33	,		
1994—			136	16		16	88	6 4	152	
January	72	64		38		38	142	2	144	
February	104	2	106 86	43	4	47	122	11	133	
March	79	7			8	24	99	42	141	
April	83	34	117	16	0	26	107	7	114	
May	81	7	88	26	_	47	109	2	111	
June	62	2	64	47			Community Got			

NOTE: (i) Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector (See paragraph 14). (ii) The number of self-contained dwelling units approved as part of the construction of non-residential building and alterations and additions to existing buildings (including conversions to dwelling units) are excluded from this table. There were no such dwelling units approved in June 1994.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED

							(\$°000)							
				New resi	dential bi	ilding				Alterations				
	·	Houses		Other res	idential b	uildings		Total		and additions	Non-resid buildi		Total bu	ilding
• Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	to residential buildings	Private sector	Total		Total
· 		16.714	00.000	32,421	4,566	36,987	89,940	40,279	130.219	17,842	38,219	93,230	141,298	241,292
1991-92	57,519	35,714	93,232	27,595	639	28.234	110,506	16,698	127,204	19.197	29,117	81,072	156,733	227,472
1992-93	82,911	16,059	98,970	40,105	1.038	41.144	125,102	30,350	155,452	17,307	68,342	158,946	210,026	331,706
1993-94	84,997	29,312	114,309	40,155	1,056	41,144	120,102	,						
1993						2.471	10,739	6.807	17.546	1,532	954	7,195	13,224	26,273
April	7,268	6,807	14,075	3,471	-	3,471 1,839	9,251	1,202	10,453	1,551	1,557	9,172	12,359	21,176
May	8,051	563	8,614	1,200	639		14.077	273	14,350	1.994	3,114	3,441	19,185	19,785
June	10,736	273	11,009	3,341	_	3,341	10,486	1,249	11,735	1,036	2,509	2,802	14,031	15,573
July	7,477	1,249	8,725	3,010		3,010	12,456	349	12,804	1,792	8,966	18,882	23,214	33,478
August	8,967	150	9,117	3,489	199	3,688	16,831	4.950	21.782	2,177	10,597	23,563	29,105	47,521
September	8,660	4,950	13,611	8,171		8,171	11,489	663	12,152	1,309	714	7,271	13,512	20,733
October	3,694	663	4,357	7,795	_	7,795	6,597	100	6,697	1,263	5,911	11,543	13,771	19,503
November	5,437	100	5,537	1,160	_	1,160 45 0	4,591	793	5,384	1,049	4,044	10,310	9,683	16,743
December	4,141	793	4,934	450	_	430	4,371	775	5,50	-,	,			
1994—								10.700	20,407	710	5,172	5,632	13,509	26,749
January	6,536	12,780	19,316		_	1,091	7,627	12,780 250	13,934	1,619	1,956	4,375	17,159	19,928
February	10,084	250	10,334			3,600	13,684		10,356	1,891	2,743	25,910	14,023	38,156
March	6,796	702	7,498	_	265	2,858	9,389	966	17,500	1,862	22,464	34,464		53,826
April	8,963	6,751	15,714		575	1,786	10,173	7,327 654	11,369	1,332	1,810	9,409	13,857	22,110
May	7,956	654	8,610		_	2,758	10,715	270	11,389	1,268	1,456	4,786	13,711	17,386
June	6,285	270	6,555	4,778	_	4,778	11,063	270	11,333	1,206	1,700			

TABLE 3. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP

Maria of Bookletines					1994		
lass of building	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	M <u>arch</u>	April	Мау	Jun
···		PRIVATE \$1	ECTOR			• •	
	57.510	97.011	84,997	6,796	8,963	7,956	6,28
vew houses	57,519 33,431	82,911	40,105	2,593	1.210	2,758	4,77
lew other residential buildings	32,421	27,595			- 10.173	10,715	11,06
otal new residential building	89,940	110,506	125,102	9,389	10.173	CENOR	11,00
Alterations and additions to esidential buildings	13,139	17,109	16,582	1,891	1,812	1,332	1,19
<u>-</u>	0.205	1.710	10,420				
łotels, etc.	2,305	1,710	30,011	1.378	20,000 .	715	1,12
hops	8,305	2,690	1,686	50	172	60	- 1,1
actories	662	1,350	2,027	_	172	400	
Offices	8,487	7,312			1,100	270	23
Other business premises	12,517	9,290	8,432	,43 —	705	270	
ducational	1,260	1,735	5,835	_	705	-	_
leligious		187	60	520			
lealth	2,705	1,845	1,506		120	235	
intertainment and recreational	534	834	5,325 3,039	50	367	130	-
Aiscellaneous	1,444	2,164				1,810	1,4.
otal non-residential building	38,219	29,117	68,342	2,743	22,464	1,510	1,4.
Total	141,298	156,733	210,026	14,023	34,449	13,857	13,7
		PUBLIC SI	ECTOR	<u> </u>			
-	35,714	16,059	29,312	702	6,751	654	2
lew houses		639	1,038	265	575	_	_
New other residential buildings	4,566		30,350	966	7,327	654	2
otal new residential building	40,279	16,698	0,530	900	7,527	0.51	_
Alterations and additions to	. +0.5	0.000	725		50		
esidential buildings	- 4,703	2,088	. 725		30	<u>.</u>	
Hotels, etc.	223	_	_	_	_	_	
Shops	1,595	485		. –			
Factorics	795	_ -	4,213	3,709	_	427	
Offices	1,548	14,837	19,142	3,897	_	55	
Other business premises	9,168	813	10,754	5,400		3,200	
Educational	20,899	11,309	23,443	60	1,610	3,195	1,3
Religious	_		_	_	_		
Health	5,507	6,726	10,946	318	8,343	658	:
Entertainment and recreational	718	300	4,846	166	66	_	1,:
Miscellaneous	14,559	17,484	17,261	9,617	1,981	65	
Total non-residential building	55,011	51,954	90,605	23,167	12,000	7,599	3,
Total	99,994	70,740	121,680	24,133	19,377	8,253	3,0
10001		тот.	AL				
					15714	0 610	6,:
New houses	93,232	98,970	114,309	7,498	15,714	8,610 2,758	4.
New other residential buildings	36,987	28,234	41,144	2,858	1,786		
Total new residential building	130,219	127,204	155,452	10,356	17,500	11,369	11,
Alterations and additions to				1 201	1.075	1 222	1 .
residential buildings	17,842	19,197	17,307	1,891	1,862	1,332	1,
Hotels, etc.	2,528	1,710	10,420	_		_	
Shops	9,900	3,175	30,011	1,378	20,000	715	1,
Factories	1,457	1,350	5,899	3,759	172	487	
Offices	10,035	22,149	21,169	3,897		455	
Other business premises	21,685	10,103	19,186	6,145	1,100	3,470	
Educational	22,159	13,044	29,278	60	2,315	3,195	I
Religious	_	187	60	_	_		
Health	8,212	8,571	12,452	838	8,343	658	
Entertainment and recreational	1,252	1,134	10,171	166	186	235	1
Miscellaneous	16,003	19,648	20,300	9,667	2,348	195	
		81,072	158,946	25,910	34,464	9,409	4
Total non-residential building	93,230	01,072	130,540		,		

NOTE: Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector (see paragraph 14).

TABLE 4. BUILDING APPROVED IN SELECTED AREAS, JUNE 1994

			- N	ew residen	tial buildin	ş	·		•		
	Houses				Other residential buildings				Alterations and		
	Private	sector	Public	sector	Private	secior	Public	sector	additions to	Non	
Selected statistical areas	Number	Value (\$*000)	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Value (\$'000)	residential buildings (\$`000)	residential building (\$`000)	Total building (\$`000)
Darwin City (SSD)	4	935	_	_	25	2,770	_		752	1,820	6,277
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)	24	1,886	_	_	6	480		_	25	60	2,451
Darwin (SĎ)	28	2,821		_	31	3,250	_	_	777	1,880	8,728
Alice Springs (T)	6	732	_	_	2	122	_	_	149	720	1,723
Katherine (T)	2	250	_	_	14	1,406	_	_	_	60	1,716
Tennant Creek (T)	_	_	- -	_	_	_	_		_	210	210
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	18	1,875	_	_	_	_		_	267	440	2,582
Remainder of Balance (SD)	8	606	2	270	_	_	_	_	75	1,476	2,427
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	34	3,464	2	270	16	1,528	_	_	491	2,906	8,659
Northern Territory	62	6,285	2	270	47	4,778			1,268	4,786	17,386

NOTE: Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector (see paragraph 14).

TABLE 5. NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS IN SELECTED AREAS JUNE 1994

	Material of outer walls										
Selected statistical areas	Double brick(a)	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Metal clad and other	Not stated	Total				
Darwin (SD)	23	_		_	5	_	28				
Alice Springs (T)	4	_	_	1	1	_	6				
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	13	_	_	_	5	_	18				
Northern Territory	43	_	1	1	19	_	64				

(a) Includes houses constructed with outer walls of stone or concrete.

TABLE 6. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a)
(\$ million)

		New residentia	al building		Alterations	Non-residen building	tial	Total building	
	Houses		Other		and — additions to				
Period	Private sector	Total	residential buildings	Total	residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
1990-91	38.8	49.2	23.1	72.3	15.6	42.9	144.5	110.8	232.4
1991-92	51.5	83.5	33.5	117.0	16.1	35.7	87.1	128.6	220.2
1992-93	71.8	85.7	25.4	111.1	16,7	27.4	76.2	139.2	204.0
19 92 —									
Dec, qtr.	17.3	18,5	5.B	24.3	5,2	6.8	15.0	34.0	44,5
1993—									_
Mar. qtr.	15.8	17.0	6.1	23.1	3.3	11.3	23.3	36.7	49.6
June qtr.	22.4	28.9	7.8	36.7	4.4	5.3	18.6	39.3	59.7
Sept. qtr.	21.5	26.9	13.3	40.3	4.3	20.7	42.4	59.4	87.0
Dec. qir.	11.2	12.5	8.4	20.9	3.0	10.0	27.2	32,8	51.1
1994—									
Mar. qtr.	19.1	30.2	6.7	36.9	3.4	9.2	33.5	38.3	73.9

(a) See paragraphs 18-20 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 7. NEW DWELLING UNITS APPROVED IN SELECTED AREAS, BY TYPE JUNE 1994

	_				Other resident	tial building			- <u></u>	
Selected		Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flass, u	 : .				
statistical area	Houses	I storey	2 or mare storeys	Total	1-2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	Total residential building
			NU	MBER OF I	OWELLING UT	NTS				
Darwin City (SSD) Palmerston-East	4	_	- '	_	4		21	25	25	29
Arm (SSD)	24				6	_		6	6	30
Darwin (SD)	28		-	_	10		21	31	31	59
Alice Springs (T)	6	_	_	_	2					
Katherine (T)	2	_	14	14			_	2	2	8
Tennant Creek (T)		_				_	_	_	14	16
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	18	- -		_	•	_	_		***	 -
Remainder of	10		_	_	_		_	_	_	18
Balance (SD)	10			_	_			_	_	10
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	36	_	14	14	2	_	_	2	16	52
Northern Territory	64	-	14	14	12		21	33	47	111
				VALU	E (5 '000)					
Darwin City (SSD)	935		_	_	300		2,470	2.770	2,770	3,705
Paimerston-East								-,	2,1,7	24,02
Arm (SSD)	1,885	_	_		480	_	-	480	480	2,366
Darwin (SD)	2,821	_	_	_	780	_	2,470	3,250	3,250	6.071
Alice Springs (T)	732	_			122			122	122	054
Katherine (T)	250	_	1,406	1.406	122		_	122	122 1,406	854
Tennant Creek (T)	_	_			-	_			1,400	1,656
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	1,875	ger 1488	_			_	_		_	
Remainder of	.,-,-		_	_		_	—	 -	_	1,875
Balance (SD)	876		_		_		_	_	_	876
Northern Territory									_	670
Balance (SD)	3,734	_	1,466	1,406	122	* */**	_	122	1,528	5,262
Northern Territory	6,555	_	1,406	1,406	902	_	2,470	3,372	4,778	11,333

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Scope and coverage

The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks etc.) is excluded.

- 2. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures, for which building approval was obtained.
- 3. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
 - (a) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more (previously \$5,000 or more).
 - (b) all approved alterations and addition of residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more.
 - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more (previously \$30,000 or more).

These changes in coverage do not have a statistically significant effect on broad building approvals aggregate data. However, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

Definitions

- 4. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 5. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals; or temporary accommodation such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of "non-residential buildings" approved.
- 6. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings as follows:
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus, detached 'granny flats' and detached dwelling units (such as caretakers' residences)

- associated with "non-residential buildings" are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
- (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings etc.).
- 7. The number of dwelling units created by alterations and additions to existing buildings and through the construction of new "non-residential buildings" is not included in the tables but is shown as a footnote to Table 1.
- 8. Value data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work (excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For 'houses' these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the value of the completed building. However, for 'other residential buildings' and 'non-residential buildings' these estimates can and often do differ significantly from the value of the completed building.

Building classification

- 9. Functional classification of buildings. A building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence, a building which is ancillary to other buildings, or forms a part of a group of related buildings, is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case, a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while factory buildings would be classified to Factories. An exception to this rule is in the treatment of group accommodation building where, for example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.
- 10. From July 1992, an expanded functional classification of buildings based on the *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* has been introduced by the ABS to provide more detailed information on residential building approvals.
- 11. The DSC has been developed by the ABS to provide a standard classification of the different types of dwelling structures (houses, flats, townhouses, etc.). The DSC will be implemented across all major collections of housing data in the ABS. The DSC has the same overall scope as the classification used in previous collections but provides more detail than previously available to reflect the current interest in medium to high density housing.

- 12. In particular, for Building Approvals, DSC allows new other residential building to be classified as follows:
 - (a) Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, etc. (dwellings having their own private grounds and no other dwellings above or below) with:
 - one storey;
 - two or more storeys;
 - (b) Flats, units or apartments, etc. (dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common entrance, foyer or stairwell) in a building of:
 - one or two storeys;
 - three storeys;
 - four or more storeys.
- 13. More details on the DSC are contained in the ABS Information paper, *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* (1296.0).
- 14. Ownership. The ownership of a building is classified at the time of approval as either private sector or public sector according to expected ownership of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.

Aboriginal Communities

15. The table relating to building approvals on Aboriginal communities has been removed from the Publication due to possible undercoverage of sources.

General

16. For purposes of comparison, it should be noted that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by large projects (such as blocks of flats and multi-storey buildings) approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

Australian Standard Geographical Classification

17. Statistics presented in Tables 4, 5, and 7 of this publication have been classified according to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC). Revisions affecting the N.T. were introduced in Edition 2.1, released in January 1991.

For additional information concerning other changes to the ASGC, users are referred to the manual Australian Standard Geographical Classification. Edition 2.1 (1216.0).

Estimates at constant prices

18. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989-90 prices are presented in Table 6 (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available).

- 19. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts, aggregate 'gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 20. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of the Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Unpublished data and related publications.

- 21. The ABS can also make available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data may be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout, floppy disk and clerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 22. Users may also wish to refer to the following building and construction publications which are available on request:

Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0) — issued monthly. Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements (Preliminary Estimates) (8750.0) — issued quarterly.

Construction Activity at Constant Prices, Australia — (8782.0) issued quarterly.

Building Activity, Australia (8752.0) — issued quarterly, Building Activity, Northern Territory (8752.7) — issued quarterly.

Engineering Construction Survey. Australia (8762.0) — issued quarterly.

23. Current Publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products. Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages:

SD Statistical Division

SSD Statistical Subdivision

(T) town

— nil or rounded to zero

r figure revised since previous issue

24. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

25.



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